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FRANK A. HUBBELL VISITS COUNTY

Candidate for United States Senate Visits Lincoln County This Week in the Interest of His Candidacy

SWEEPING SENTIMENT HERE FOR BERNALILLO CO. MAN

During the week the Hon. Frank A. Hubbell, a candidate for the United States senate, was in Lincoln county, and no doubt met with many of the citizens who will be called upon to choose a man to represent this state in the upper house of congress, and it might be of interest, at this particular time, to know something of the man who will probably sit in the United States senate for six years or more as the representative of the people of New Mexico.

It is remarked by a number of state newspapers that Mr. Hubbell has surprised all the political leaders, and the other candidates, by gathering unexpected strength in unexpected quarters, which is now apparently sweeping him into the nomination with an overwhelming preponderance of delegates in the next republican state convention. It is now admitted that this sweeping sentiment for the man from Bernalillo county is based upon the cool judgment of the best business elements of the state, and that, in many sections, Mr. Hubbell is being supported for the United States senate with some disregard for party lines. The business interests of the state want representation in congress, because the business interests of other states are sending representatives there, and experience has demonstrated that sound business men, those whose interests

man that he met misfortune as readily and apparently as quietly as he did success, except that he worked harder. When sheep and lands were worth nothing he purchased, just as long as his dollars and cents lasted, but all the time he was on the job in person. In times of stress he could do anything any other man could do in the line of work, do it even better, and always made it a point to do more.

Years went by and live stock increased in value, and so did the Hubbell holdings. Mr. Hubbell went into the cattle business, in connection with his sheep. He also became interested in mercantile enterprises, banking and almost every form of endeavor followed in New Mexico, but he has always been backward about investing outside of his own state.

At the present time Mr. Hubbell is said to be one of the largest owners of cattle and sheep in the state controls scores of ranches and miles and miles of range, and, what is more significant, gets along with his smaller neighbors in a friendly way, and has lots of them. The small ranchmen neighboring with Hubbell find the protection of the big ranches an advantage in every way, and it is said that the sections of country controlled by Hubbell and his neighbors lose fewer head of live stock than any similar sections of the state.

Some years ago Mr. Hubbell became interested in the feeding of live stock, and something more than a year ago he announced that he intended to feed a sufficient number of sheep, as an experiment, to determine beyond any reasonable doubt, the advisability of developing the feeding possibilities of New Mexico. He contends that the state can raise the feed to fatten all the sheep and cattle bred in New Mexico, and that the feeders and farmers of other states are not doing this annually from the

HOW THE ADMINISTRATION DOES THINGS

Some Pointers as to How Our Postal Service Has Been Handled During the Wilson Administration

MUCH DISSATISFACTION AMONG BUSINESS MEN

Washington, July 21, (Special Correspondence)—If the present administration had deliberately made an effort to displease the public and make enemies for itself, it could hardly have succeeded in that direction more effectively than it has done. From the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Canadian line to the Gulf, protests are still coming to members of Congress asking in most urgent terms to be protected from the proposed changes in the rural delivery service. In one community out in California a public meeting of patrons of the rural service was held and a protest was drawn in such vigorous language that it was feared few people would sign it, but the feeling was so pronounced that 99 per cent of the patrons of the rural routes affected signed the protest and then took up a collection to pay the expense of telegraphing the protest not only to the Department but to the Senators and the Congressmen from that district.

Dissatisfaction with management of city postal service is also apparent in many places. In one Western town where a large manufacturing business has grown up in recent years and where fast class postal service is important, the Department announced a change in postmasters. The business men of the town, who supply practically all the mail business of the post office signed and sent to the Senate Post Office Committee a protest against the appointment of the proposed postmaster, and asserted that if he should be appointed, they would under no circumstances allow their mail to be handled by him, as they considered him wholly unreliable. Those business men were looking for service, not for politics. Naturally they were not very favorably impressed with the business efficiency of an administration whose policies made it necessary for them to put their signatures to a protest as emphatic as that.

Delay in government service in this administration has compelled the public to adopt a waiting if not a watching policy. The annual report, "Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1915", made its appearance in June, 1916, from the Department of Commerce, just closing out the fiscal year 1916. Under the Republican regime this report used to appear not later than November following the close of the fiscal year. Statisticians and students of trade have daily use for this volume and delay in its appearance is vexatious. The

Monthly Summary of Foreign Commerce of the United States is another report which is now made public after considerable delay. If the Department of Commerce would pay more attention to official duties, and less to the campaign publicity work being carried on at the taxpayers' expense, the people would be better satisfied and the Department would have a better record at the time it changes hands next March.

Our normal exports of barbed wire amount to about \$4,000,000 annually. During the nine months ended March 1916, we exported \$16,000,000 worth of this commodity. Nearly all of it went to Europe. Was it because the Nations at war are fencing off their boundaries, or going into stock-raising? Not at all. It was to string barbed wire entanglements. In every stage of the manufacture of this barbed wire labor received a benefit, and stockholders in mine and factory companies got increased dividends. Our exports of meat and dairy products during this same nine months totaled \$145,000,000 nearly all of which went to the belligerents. Farmers, stockholders, and laborers profited by the huge demand for meat and dairy products. While this export trade was going on the Democratic Campaign Committee was busy composing publicity matter to show that "Democracy brings era of unexampled prosperity". The only way they can prove it is to show they were responsible for the European war.

TEACHERS EXAMINATION

There will be an examination for teachers in Carrizozo July 28 and 29, the last of the institute season. Applicants may take any subject or all of the examinations for first, second and third grade certificate, the best grades of former Institute examination this season. Usual fee of \$1. Reading Circle examination, afternoon of July 29; no fee. Address Superintendent of County Schools, Carrizozo, for further information.

Mrs. W. L. Gumm

OSCURO

One of the most enjoyable social events of the season took place Saturday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Sterling, the occasion being Mrs. Sterling's birthday. She celebrated by entertaining the ladies of the Sew and So Club and their husbands. An excellent luncheon was served and a pleasant social hour was spent by all. The club presented Mrs. Sterling with an appropriate gift of china as a reminder of the occasion.

Rev. E. D. Lewis, Pastor of the Carrizozo Methodist Church, held services at the school house Thursday and Saturday evenings, also Sunday morning and afternoon.

There was a dance at the school house Friday night, but we have seen no one who attended so cannot report on it.

Harry Brahm has been employed by the E. P. & S. W. railroad to assist the paint gang and left with the outfit last week.

Joe Ashford was a visitor to El Paso last week, on business and recreation.

Our railroad buildings have a new coat of paint which is a vast improvement.

Frank Keehn was in town Sunday for a short visit with his father.

BURSUM LEADS ALL OPPONENTS

Republicans Generally Concede Socorro Man Has Nomination for Governor Cinched

UNIT RULE FOR COUNTY CANDIDATES ABOLISHED

Albuquerque, N. M., July 20.—Publication this week of the call for the New Mexico Republican state convention has impressed the flock of candidates for nominations and their supporters with the fact that the nominating event is little more than a month away. There has been an appreciable increase in activity on all sides and in every county in the state lines are being tightened for the final phase of one of the most interesting nominating campaigns in New Mexico's history.

UNIT RULE ABOLISHED

One feature of the official Republican call which has made its impression upon the candidates is the paragraph by which the unit rule for county delegates is abolished and each delegate is given the right to vote his individual preference. This rule was adopted and ordered enforced at the state convention held here in April. It is doubtful if many of the old-time Republican leaders fully understood its significance when they permitted the rule to pass without a fight. They see now that it removes the old time assurance given by the binding pledge enforced in a county convention. The individual delegate from a county may be instructed by his county convention for this man or that. When he takes his seat in the state convention he may vote with perfect freedom for whom he pleases. The fight made for delegates in the county convention may and very probably will be made over again with many delegates after they get to Santa Fe and the whirl of the convention strategy sets in.

BURSUM LEADS ALL OPPONENTS

Fairly complete reports from every county in New Mexico which have been brought to Albuquerque this week by reliable men indicate that H. O. Bursum will be the Republican nominee for governor, and that he will be named by a substantial majority on the first ballot. The falling away from Secundino Romero, noted three weeks ago, has continued steadily. Romero can only count six counties, with a total of 87 votes, as committed to him and of those Guadalupe county is reported in a position of extreme uncertainty. There is a strong possibility that some of Santa Fe county's eighteen votes will be cast for Bursum and the latter has good ground for his belief that he will get part of the Taos county delegation on the first ballot. Bursum's supporters assert that he has 140 votes pledged for the first ballot, or more than enough to nominate. Of these he undoubtedly has 120 which he can count upon.



Hon. Frank A. Hubbell, Candidate for the United States Senate

are the same as the interests of the majority of the people of the state, are giving the most satisfactory results.

Mr. Hubbell began business as a sheep raiser in the early 80's with a few head of sheep and a home-stead for a home ranch. For years he struggled through market depressions, drouths and all the other difficulties besetting the stockmen of every section. It is said of the

live stock bred in New Mexico, and sold to these feeders. His idea is that feeding, once established here, will enable the farmers of every section of the state to market their crops right at home, no hauling and no commission men to deal with. In fact his idea was that every small farmer could feed a few head of sheep or cattle communities working together, and in that way make every acre of the state of

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